# Napier University Accounts for the Year to 31 July 2005

## Contents

	Page
General Information	2
Court Membership	3
Report by the Chairman of Court	4
Corporate Governance	6
Responsibilities of the University Court	8
Report of the Auditors	10
Statement of Principal Accounting Policies	12
Consolidated Income & Expenditure Account	15
Statement of Consolidated Total Recognised Gains & Losses	16
Balance Sheets	17
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	18
Notes to the Accounts	19

Chancellor Vacant

Chairman of Court Dr A Cubie CBE FRSE LLD (Glasgow) DUniv (Edinburgh) DBA (QMUC)

LLB Hons WS

Principal and Vice-Chancellor Prof J K Stringer CBE BA (Hons) PhD FRSA FRSE

Secretary Dr G C Webber BA DPhil MBA

Director of Finance Mrs D Robertson LLB CA MBA

External Auditors RSM Robson Rhodes LLP

Conference House 152 Morrison Street The Exchange Edinburgh EH3 8EB

Internal Auditors Henderson Loggie

10 Great Stuart Street

Edinburgh EH3 7TN

Bankers Royal Bank of Scotland Plc

206 Bruntsfield Place

Edinburgh EH10 4DF

Solicitors Anderson Strathern WS

1 Rutland Court Edinburgh EH3 8EY

Actuaries Hymans Robertson

20 Waterloo Street

Glasgow G2 2DB

#### **Court Membership**

The following persons served as members of Court during the year to 31 July 2005. In the case of those who became or ceased to be members during the year, the appropriate dates are shown.

	Date of	Date of	_
Court Member	Appointment	Retirement	Category
Mr A Anderson			Non-Executive
Professor G C Borthwick			Non-Executive (R)
Mr C Bryce			Staff
Mr J Boyle	August 2004		Non-Executive (F)
Dr L Burley			Non-Executive (F)
Mr D Campbell			Staff
Mrs A Crawford			Non-Executive
Dr A Cubie (Chairman)			Non-Executive (F,R)
Lord Cullen of Whitekirk			Non-Executive (R)
Dr T Fernandes			Staff
Mr G Garvie			Non-Executive (A)
Baroness Goudie			Non-Executive
Ms M Greenwood			Non-Executive (F)
Mr H Hall			Non-Executive (A)
Dr K Lyall			Non-Executive (F)
Mr P Marshall	August 2004		Student
Mr B Naylor			Non-Executive
Mr C Poziemski		August 2005	Student
Ms M Stephenson	August 2004		Non-Executive (F)
Professor J K Stringer			Principal & Vice-Chancellor (F)
Ms E Thomson			Non-Executive
Professor G Tucker		February 2005	Vice-Principal (F)
Mr D Wise			Graduates' Association
Mr P Wilson			Non-Executive (A)
Mr H Wollman			Staff

- Member of Audit Committee
- Member of Finance & Commercialisation Committee
- (A) (F) (R) Member of Remuneration Committee

#### Report by the Chairman of Court

#### The University

The Court was established under The Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992 for the purpose of conducting Napier University. The University is an exempt charity for the purposes of the Charities Act 1993 (No.SC018373). A copy of these Accounts can be obtained from the principal address of the University, which is 219 Colinton Road, Edinburgh, EH14 1DJ.

#### **Scope of the Accounts**

The Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2005, comprising the results of the University and those of its subsidiary undertakings, are presented in a new format that incorporates changes in presentation and revised disclosure requirements. They are prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education Institutions and the accounting requirements of the Scottish Funding Council.

#### **Results of the Year**

The Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account is presented on page 15 of the Accounts. The University is pleased to be able to report a surplus of over £4.45m. This demonstrates the University's continuing commitment to ensuring the financial sustainability of its activities thereby creating the financial environment necessary to support the key strategic goal of becoming "The Best Modern University in Scotland" by 2010.

Total income has increased by £3.58m, or 4.9%. Total operating expenditure has increased by £4.86m, or 7.0%. Within this total Staff Costs have increased by £3.19m, or 7.3% with over £0.6m of this increase attributable to higher Pension Scheme Contributions. Staff Restructuring Costs were reduced by £0.28m while Other Operating Expenditure increased by £1.45m.

The disposal of surplus land and buildings resulted in an exceptional gain of £1.75m.

#### **Balance Sheet**

The redeveloped Craiglockhart Campus became fully operational during the year and has rapidly established itself as a facility that can attract events of local, national and international importance. In particular the University was proud to host visits from, amongst others, the Prime Minister, the Rt Hon Tony Blair MP and the President of the Czech Republic, Vaclav Klaus.

As a result of the completion of the Craiglockhart redevelopment there has been a transfer of £21.2m from Assets Under Construction to Land and Buildings. There were no further Abnormal Costs incurred in the year as a result of the receivership of the original main contractor for the Craiglockhart redevelopment.

Total loans outstanding are now £7.5m with a maximum loan facility of £13.7m available from the Clydesdale Bank plc. Overall Net Assets increased by £5.0m

#### **Creditors Payment Policy**

It is the University's policy that payments to suppliers are made in accordance with those terms and conditions agreed between the University and its suppliers, providing that all trading terms and conditions have been complied with. As at 31 July 2005, the University had an average of 31 days purchases outstanding in trade creditors. The amount of interest paid under the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998 was nil.

#### Report by the Chairman of Court

#### **Future Developments**

As part of its overall Strategic Plan the University is currently engaged on a major Estates Strategy Review. This will focus on delivering further, high quality, facilities for students and staff that are closely aligned with the University's strategic priorities. The review is considering a number of options with a view to recommending a strategy that optimises the use of existing facilities along with potential new developments.

The University is also working towards the implementation of the national Framework Agreement on staff remuneration from 1 August 2006 and will ensure that the financial implications of this are clearly identified and accommodated within the constraints of financial sustainability.

#### **Disabled Employees**

The University gives equal consideration to all applications for employment regardless of disability, and where a candidate with a disability is the best person for the job, full consideration is given to what reasonable adjustments are necessary to ensure the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled.

Where existing employees become disabled it is the University's policy, wherever practicable, to support employees in continuing employment by making appropriate adjustments where necessary. Members of staff who have a disability are employed under the same terms and conditions as their able-bodied colleagues and the University provides training, career development and promotion opportunities to all staff, regardless of their disability wherever appropriate.

Dr A Cubie Chairman of Court

12 December 2005

#### **Corporate Governance**

#### Introduction

Napier University is committed to exhibiting good practice in all aspects of corporate governance. This summary describes the manner in which the University has applied the principles set out in the Combined Code on Corporate Governance issued by the London Stock Exchange in June 1998 and subsequent relevant codes. Such reference is to help the reader of the financial statements of the University understand how the principles have been applied.

#### **Statement of full Combined Code Compliance**

In the opinion of the Governors, the University complies with all the provisions of the Combined Code and other subsequent relevant codes in so far as they apply to the higher education sector, and it has so complied throughout the year ended 31 July 2005. In June 2005, the Court also adopted the voluntary Governance Code of Practice published by the Committee of University Chairmen in November 2004. The University is fully compliant with this Code except that the Court formally comprised 26 members in 2004/05, compared to a maximum of 25 members suggested by the Code.

#### **Governing Body**

The University Court meets four times a year and has several committees through which it conducts its business. Each committee has formally constituted terms of reference. These committees include: a Finance & Commercialisation Committee, a Nominations Committee, a Remuneration Committee and an Audit Committee.

The Finance & Commercialisation Committee, in its range of responsibilities recommends to the governing body the University's annual revenue and capital budgets and monitors performance in relation to approved budgets.

The Nominations Committee considers nominations for vacancies in the governing body membership including those from public advertisement. The University has a responsibility to ensure that a process is in place to ensure appropriate training is given to governing body members as required.

The Remuneration Committee determines the remuneration of the most senior staff, including the Principal. Details of the remuneration of senior post-holders for the year ended 31 July 2005 are set out in note 6 to the financial statements.

The Audit Committee meets four times a year, with the University's external and internal auditors in attendance. The Audit Committee advises the Court on the appointment of the internal and external auditors and the auditors' remuneration.

The University's internal auditors monitor the systems on internal control, risk management controls and governance processes in accordance with an agreed plan, and reports their findings to management and the Audit Committee. Management is responsible for the implementation of agreed audit recommendations and internal auditors undertake periodic follow-up reviews to ensure that such recommendations have been implemented. The Audit Committee considers detailed reports together with recommendations for the improvement of the University's systems of internal control and management's responses and implementation plans. It also receives and considers relevant reports from the Funding Council (the SHEFC, now the SFC) as they affect the University's business and monitors adherence to the regulatory requirements.

Whilst senior executives attend meetings of the Audit Committee as necessary, they are not members of the committee and once a year the committee meets the external auditors on their own for independent discussions.

#### **Corporate Governance**

#### **Corporate Strategy**

In respect of its strategic and development responsibilities, the governing body receives recommendations and advice from its senior executives. The governing body and the senior management team hold an annual residential conference to discuss strategic issues facing the University.

#### **Governing Body Statement on Internal Control**

The University's governing body is ultimately responsible for the University's system of internal control and as accountable officer to SHEFC (now the SFC) the Principal is responsible for reviewing its effectiveness. Such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The senior management team receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms which are embedded within the operational units and reinforced by risk awareness training. The senior management team and the Audit Committee also receive regular reports from internal audit and health, safety and environmental monitoring functions, which include recommendations for improvement.

The Audit Committee's role in this area is confined to a high level review of the arrangements for internal control.

The governing body's agenda includes a regular item for consideration of risk and control and receives reports thereon from the senior management team and the Audit Committee. The emphasis is on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance and not merely reporting by exception. At its December 2004 meeting the governing body received the annual report from the Audit Committee covering the period to 30 November 2004. At its March 2005 meeting, the governing body considered the annual risk assessment for the year by considering documentation from the senior management team and internal audit, and taking account of events since 31 July 2004.

The governing body is of a view that there is an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the University's significant risks that has been in place throughout the year ended 31 July 2005 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the governing body and accords with current good practice of governance in the higher education sector of the U.K.

#### **Going Concern**

The governing body considers that the University has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

On behalf of the University Court Dr A Cubie, Chairman

12 December 2005

#### **Responsibilities of the University Court**

In accordance with the Statutory Instrument, the University Court is responsible for the administration and management of the affairs of the University including ensuring an effective system of internal control and is required to present audited Accounts for each financial year. The Court, however, secures that its functions relating to the organisation and management of the University are discharged by the Principal and Vice-Chancellor and subject thereto may delegate such other of its functions and powers as the Court may from time to time determine. In discharging such functions, the Principal and Vice-Chancellor is subject to the strategic direction and control of the Court, but otherwise the Principal and Vice-Chancellor has all the powers and duties of the Court in relation to the implementation of such strategy.

The Court is responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the University and to enable it to ensure that the Accounts are prepared in accordance with the University's Statutory Instrument, the Statement of Recommended Practice for Further and Higher Education Institutions and other relevant standards. In addition, within the terms and conditions of the Financial Memorandum agreed between the Scottish Higher Education Funding Council (now the Scottish Funding Council) and the Court of the University, the Court, through its designated Office Holder, is required to prepare Accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the University and of its surplus or deficit and cash flows for that year.

In causing the Accounts to be prepared, the Court has ensured that:

- · suitable accounting policies are selected and applied consistently;
- judgements and estimates are made that are reasonable and prudent;
- applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Accounts:
- Accounts are prepared on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the University will continue in
  operation. The Court is satisfied that it has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future: for this
  reason the going concern basis continues to be adopted in the preparation of the Accounts.

The Court has taken reasonable steps to:

- ensure that funds from the Scottish Higher Education Funding Council (now the SFC) are used only for the purposes for which
  they have been given and in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with the Funding Council and any other conditions
  which the Funding Council may from time to time prescribe;
- ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources;
- safeguard the assets of the University and prevent and detect fraud;
- secure the economical, efficient and effective management of the University's resources and expenditure.

#### **Responsibilities of the University Court**

The key elements of the University's system of internal financial control, which is designed to discharge the responsibilities set out above, include the following:

- clear definitions of the responsibilities of, and the authority delegated to, Senior Managers and Heads of Schools and Services;
- a comprehensive medium and short-term planning process, supplemented by detailed annual income, expenditure, capital
  and cash flow budgets;
- regular reviews of key performance indicators and business risks;
- periodic reviews of financial results involving variance reporting and periodic updates of forecast outturns;
- clearly defined and formalised requirements for approval and control of expenditure, with investment decisions involving
  capital or revenue expenditure being subject to formal detailed appraisal and review according to approval levels set by the
  Court;
- comprehensive Financial Procedures and Regulations, detailing financial controls and procedures, approved by the Audit Committee and Finance and Commercialisation Committee;
- a professional Internal Audit team whose annual programme is approved by the Audit Committee and endorsed by the Court
  and whose head provides the Court with a report on internal audit activity within the University and an opinion on the
  adequacy and effectiveness of the University's system of internal control, including internal financial control.

Any system of internal financial control can, however, only provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

On behalf of the University Court Dr A Cubie, Chairman

12 December 2005

#### Independent Auditors' Report to the Court of Napier University

We have audited the financial statements on pages 12 to 39.

This report is made solely to the University Court. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Court those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the University and the University's Court, for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of Court and auditors

As described in the statement of responsibilities of the University Court, the Court is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting in Further and Higher Education Institutions. We also report to you whether, in our opinion monies expended out of funds from whatever source administered by the University for specific purposes were properly applied for those purposes and where relevant managed in accordance with appropriate legislation and whether monies expended out of funds provided by the Scottish Higher Education Funding Council were applied in accordance with the financial memorandum and any other terms and conditions attached to them.

We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report by the Chairman of the Court is not consistent with the financial statements, if the University has not kept proper accounting records, or if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

We read other information contained with the financial statements and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. The other information comprises the Report by the Chairman of the Court and the Corporate Governance Statement. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

#### **Basis of audit opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board, and the Audit Code of Practice issued by the Scottish Higher Education Funding Council. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Court in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the University's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Independent Auditors' Report to the Court of Napier University**

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of Napier University and its subsidiary companies at 31 July 2005 and of its surplus for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting in Further and Higher Education Institutions.

In our opinion, in all material respects, funds from whatever source administered by the University for specific purposes were properly applied for the intended purposes and, where relevant, managed in accordance with appropriate legislation for the year ended 31 July 2005.

In our opinion, in all material respects, funds provided by the Scottish Higher Education Funding Council were applied in accordance with the financial memorandum and any other terms and conditions attached to them for the year ended 31 July 2005.

RSM Robson Rhodes LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Edinburgh

12 December 2005

#### Statement of Principal Accounting Policies - Year to 31 July 2005

#### 1 Basis of Preparation and Accounting

The Accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified by the revaluation of investments and in accordance with both the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education and applicable accounting standards. They conform to guidance published by the Scottish Higher Education Funding Council (SHEFC).

#### 2 Basis of Consolidation

The Consolidated Accounts consolidate the Accounts of the University and all its subsidiary undertakings in accordance with the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard No 2. In accordance with FRS2, the activities of the Students' Union have not been consolidated because the University does not exercise control over these activities.

#### 3 Recognition of Income

Recurrent grants from SHEFC and Scottish Executive are recognised in the period in which they are receivable. Income from Endowments and Donations, Research Grants, Contracts and Other Services Rendered is included to the extent of the expenditure incurred during the year, together with any related contributions towards overhead costs. All income from short-term deposits is credited to the Income & Expenditure Account in the period in which it is earned.

#### 4 Maintenance of Premises

The University has a ten year rolling maintenance plan that is reviewed on an annual basis. The cost of long-term and routine corrective maintenance is charged to the Income & Expenditure Account as it is incurred.

#### **5** Foreign Currency Translations

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling either at year end rates or, where there are related forward foreign exchange contracts, at contract rates. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the determination of income and expenditure for the financial year.

#### 6 Pension Schemes

The two principal pension schemes operated for the University's staff are the Scottish Teachers' Superannuation Scheme ("STSS") and the Local Government Pension Scheme ("LGPS"). Academic staff join the STSS, whilst the LGPS provides similar benefits for other employees of the University. Both schemes are defined benefit schemes which are externally funded and contracted out of the State Second Pension Scheme.

#### Statement of Principal Accounting Policies - Year to 31 July 2005

#### 6 Pension Schemes (contd)

The STSS is a statutory, contributory, final salary scheme administered by The Scottish Public Pensions Agency. This is an unfunded scheme, which operates under the Teachers' Superannuation (Scotland) Regulations.

The LGPS is also a contributory, final salary scheme administered by the City of Edinburgh Council. The scheme is a funded scheme operating under the Local Government Pension Scheme (Scotland) Regulations 1998.

The University's contributions to these schemes are charged to the Income and Expenditure Account so as to achieve the accounting objective of recognising the costs of providing pensions on a systematic and rational basis over the period during which the University benefits from the employees' services.

The University's contributions are determined from periodic valuations of the schemes carried out by qualified actuaries, for the STSS using the entry age method and, for the LGPS, every three years using the projected unit method.

The University is funding directly certain pension costs for employees who have taken early retirement. A provision has been established for these liabilities as determined by an annual actuarial valuation conducted by the University's actuaries Hymans Robertson.

#### 7 Tangible Fixed Assets

#### a. Land and Buildings

The University's Land and Buildings are stated at cost. Buildings are depreciated over their expected useful life of 50 years and leasehold land over the life of the lease. Where land and buildings are acquired with the aid of specific grants they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grants are credited to a deferred capital grant account and are released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy. Buildings under construction are accounted for at cost, based on the value of architects' certificates and other direct costs incurred to 31 July. They are not depreciated until they are brought into use. A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable.

Certain items of infrastructure, including wiring and heating installations, are depreciated over their expected useful life of 25 years.

#### b. Equipment

Equipment, including computers and software, costing less than £10,000 per individual item or group of related items is written off in the year of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost. Capitalised equipment is stated at cost and is depreciated over its useful economic life as follows:

Non-Computer Equipment - 10 years

Computer Equipment - 3 years

Research equipment – Project life – 2 years generally

Furniture - 10 years Residences - Furniture and Fittings - 8 years

Where equipment is acquired with the aid of specific grants it is capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the above policy. The related grants are treated as deferred capital grants and released to income over the expected useful economic life of the related equipment.

#### Statement of Principal Accounting Policies - Year to 31 July 2005

#### 8 Leases

Payments in respect of operating leases are charged in the Income & Expenditure Account. There are no assets held under finance leases.

#### 9 Investments

Investments and Endowment Assets Investments are included in the Balance Sheet at valuation. Where investments are not listed on a recognised stock exchange they are carried at historical cost less any provision for impairment in their value.

#### 10 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks. No account is taken of stocks held in academic or service departments.

#### 11 Taxation

The University is an exempt charity within the meaning of schedule 2 of the Charities Act 1993 and as such is a charity within the meaning of section 506 (1) of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act (ICTA) 1988. Accordingly, the University is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by section 505 of the ICTA 1988 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes. The University receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax which is charged to the Income & Expenditure Account.

#### 12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the University has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

## Consolidated Income & Expenditure Account - Year to 31 July 2005

Income	Notes	2005 £000	2004 £000
Scottish Higher Education Funding Council Grants	1	38,586	37,592
Tuition Fees and Education Contracts	2	25,220	23,775
Research Contracts	3	2,708	2,714
Other Operating Income	4	10,193	8,632
Endowment and Investment Income	5	595	1,006
Total Income		77,302	73,719
Expenditure			
Staff Costs	6	46,434	43,248
Staff Restructuring Costs	9	117	394
Other Operating Expenditure	8	24,762	23,314
Depreciation	9	2,719	1,971
Interest Payable	10	558	799
Total Expenditure	9	74,590	69,726
Surplus on Continuing Operations after Depreciation of Tangible Fixed Assets		2,712	3,993
Loss Arising from Capital Projects	11	-	(109)
Gain on Disposal of Tangible Fixed Assets		1,745	-
Surplus on Continuing Operations after Depreciation of Assets and Disposal of Assets		4,457	3,884
Transfer to Accumulated Income within Specific Endowments		(6)	(8)
Surplus for the Year retained within General Reserves		4,451	3,876

The Income & Expenditure account is in respect of continuing activities.

## Statement of Consolidated Total Recognised Gains and Losses

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Surplus on Continuing Operations after Depreciation of Assets and Disposal of Assets	4,457	3,884
Appreciation of Fixed Asset Investments	104	52
Appreciation/(Amortisation) of Endowment Asset Investments	38	(22)
Gain on Disposal of Endowment Asset Investments	2	3
Total Recognised Gains for the Year	4,601	3,917
Reconciliation		
Opening Reserves and Endowments	19,384	15,467
Reallocation of Reserves to Deferred Income on Consolidation	(131)	-
Total Recognised Gains for the Year	4,601	3,917
Closing Reserves and Endowments	23,854	19,384

	Consolidated U 2005 2004 2		2005 2004		rsity 2004
Fixed Assets	Notes	£000	£000	£000	£000
Tangible Fixed Assets	13	58,730	57,615	62,013	36,794
Investments	14	2,217	1,808	1,703	1,718
		60,947	59,423	63,716	38,512
Endowment Asset Investments	15	471	425	247	219
Current Assets					
Stocks Debtors Cash at Bank and in Hand	16 17	30 12,527 10,018	32 11,536 4,896	30 8,801 2,011	32 5,691 23,679
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within		22,575	16,464	10,842	29,402
One Year	18	22,939	20,677	11,287 ———	8,688
Net Current Assets / (Liabilities)		(364)	(4,213)	(445)	20,714
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		61,054	55,635	63,518	59,445
Provisions for Liabilities and Charges	19	(14,803)	(14,393)	(14,803)	(17,290)
NET ASSETS		46,251	41,242	48,715	42,155
Deferred Capital Grants	20	22,397	21,858	22,397	21,470
Endowment Funds Revaluation Reserve General Reserve	21 22 23	471 696 22,687	425 592 18,367	247 691 25,380	219 599 19,867
TOTAL FUNDS		46,251	41,242	48,715	42,155

The Accounts on pages 12 to 39 were approved by the University Court on 12 December 2005 and were signed on its behalf by: DR A CUBIE, Chairman; PROFESSOR J STRINGER, Accounting Officer; MRS D ROBERTSON, Director of Finance.

	Notes	2005 £000	2004 £000
Cash Flow from Operating Activities	25	6,027	4,723
Returns on Investment and Servicing of Finance	26	2	274
Capital Expenditure and Financial Investment	27	(962)	(12,403)
Management of Liquid Resources	28	5	(8)
Financing	29	250	4,750
Increase/(Decrease) in cash in the Year	30	5,322	(2,664)
Reconciliation of Net Cash Flow to Movements in Ne	et Funds/(Debt)		
Increase/(Decrease) in Cash in the year		5,322	(2,664)
Cash Inflow from Increase in Debt		(250)	(4,750)
Movement in Net Funds/(Debt)		5,072	(7,414)
Net Funds/(Debt) at 1 August		(2,554)	4,860
Net Funds/(Debt) at 31 July		2,518	(2,554)

		2005 £000	2004 £000
1	Scottish Higher Education Funding Council Grants		
	Recurrent Teaching Grant	34,107	33,482
	Funding for Increased STSS Contributions	834	674
	Research Grants	2,152	1,927
	Other Grants	901	885
	Released from Deferred Capital Grants - Buildings - Equipment	413 179 ———————————————————————————————————	429 195 ——————————————————————————————————
2	Tuition Fees and Education Contracts		
	UK and EU Fees Non EU Fees Non Credit Bearing Course Fees Education Contracts	9,992 6,211 356 8,661 ———————————————————————————————————	10,041 4,970 397 8,367 ————————————————————————————————————
3	Research Contracts	<u></u>	
	Research Councils UK Based Charities European Commission UK Industry, Commerce and Public Bodies UK Government, Health and Hospital Authorities Other Grants and Contracts	449 285 217 639 1,024 94	155 141 189 626 916 687 ——————————————————————————————————
4	Other Operating Income		
	Consultancy and Fee Income Residences and Catering Other Services Rendered Released from Deferred Capital Grants Other Income	1,739 4,204 2,840 53 1,357	2,042 3,801 1,365 21 1,403
		10,193	8,632

5	Endowment and Investment Income	2005 £000	2004 £000
	Income from Specific Endowments Other Interest Receivable	10 585	15 991
		595	1,006
6	Staff Costs		
	Wages and Salaries Social Security Costs Pension Costs	38,497 3,006 4,931	36,113 2,812 4,323
		46,434	43,248
	The above Staff Costs includes amounts payable to the Vice-Chancellor of:		
	Salary Benefits in kind	148 1	130 1
		149	131
	Pension Contributions	19	15

The emoluments of the Vice Chancellor are shown on the same basis as for other higher paid staff. The Vice Chancellor's emoluments are settled by the Remuneration Committee. These emoluments contain an element of performance related pay. The University's pension contributions to STSS, are paid at the same rates as for other academic staff.

The average monthly number of persons, including senior post holders, employed by the University during the year, expressed as full-time equivalents, was:	2005 Number	2004 Number
Academic	501	488
Administrative/Clerical	637	590
Technical	101	105
Research	69	81
	1,308	1,264

#### Notes to the 2004-05 Accounts

#### 6 Staff Costs (contd)

The number of staff, who are all senior post-holders, who received emoluments in the following ranges was:

£70,000 - £79,999	4	-
£80,000 - £89,999	1	1
£90,000 - £99,999	-	1
£100,000 - £109,999	-	-
£110,000 - £119,999	-	-
£120,000 - £129,999	-	-
£130,000 – £139,999	-	1
£140,000 - £149,000	1	-

#### Compensation for Loss of Office Paid to a Former Senior Post-Holder

Compensation paid to the former post-holder	149	-
Estimated Value of other benefits, including provisions for pension benefits	32	-

#### 7 Pension Schemes

There are two main pension schemes operated for University staff, as noted below:

For the year ended 31 July 2005 the University has accounted for these schemes under SSAP24 and the required disclosures are made at (a) below. FRS17 – Retirement Benefits has yet to become fully effective for the University and for the current year to 31 July 2005 transitional arrangements apply (refer (b) below).

#### (a) SSAP24

The Scottish Teachers Superannuation Scheme ("STSS") is the principal scheme for University academic staff. It is a defined benefit scheme, which is externally funded and contracted out of the State Second Pension Scheme. The cost of contributions to the STSS during the year was £2.416m. The University is one of many employers who participate in the scheme.

The STSS is a notionally funded scheme as all benefits are paid by the Exchequer and as such, no specific assets are held to fund pension liabilities. Fund assets are defined as notional investments held at the valuation date plus estimated future contributions. Liabilities of the fund are calculated as current pension costs plus the estimated cost of future benefits.

The most recent actuarial valuation was performed for the five year period to 31 March 1996. For valuation purposes, notional assets were deemed to be invested at current market prices in government securities. Liabilities were valued using a prospective benefits valuation method. The following assumptions were made for notional valuation purposes:

Gross Rate of Interest 8.5% Future Price Increases 5.0% Earnings Increases 6.5%

This resulted in a total assets valuation of £6,890m, a total liabilities valuation of £7,120m and a balance of liability of £230m. Employer contributions were increased to 12.5% of salary effective 1 October 2003.

Transitional guidance applies to the STSS for the five year period to 31 March 1996, such that an alternative valuation was established for a notional fund which took account of pension increases. This was performed using a standardised portfolio approach such that the notional assets were deemed to be invested in a portfolio equivalent to an average portfolio of a large pension fund. This valuation produced a recommended employer contribution rate of 10.10% of salaries.

As the alternative contribution rate is higher, it does not impact on current recommendations for employer contributions. Actuarial valuations for periods after 1 April 1996 will be performed on the alternative valuation basis.

The Local Government Pension Scheme ("LGPS") is the principal scheme for non-academic staff of the University. It is a defined benefit scheme, which is externally funded and contracted out of the State Second Pension Scheme. The cost of contributions to the LGPS during the year was £2.515m. The University is one of many employers who participate in the scheme.

#### 7 Pension Schemes (contd)

The most recent actuarial valuation was performed for the three year period to 31 March 2002 using the projected unit method. The following assumptions were made for actuarial valuation purposes:

Investment Returns – Equities 6.5%
Investment Returns – Bonds 5.2%
Pay Increases 4.1%
Price Inflation/Pension 2.6%

The market value of the assets at the valuation date was £1,784m with an actuarial valuation of £1,793m. The liabilities of the scheme have been valued at £1,867m resulting in a deficit of £74m. On the basis of actuarial recommendations, employer contributions were 285% of employee contributions for the period to 31 March 2004, rising to 300%, and 350% from 1 April 2004, and 1 April 2005 respectively.

#### (b) FRS17

Increases

The **STSS** is a multi employer scheme and it is not possible to identify each employee's share of the underlying notional assets and liabilities of the scheme. In these circumstances, FRS17 provides for contributions to the scheme to be accounted for as if it were a defined contribution scheme and as such the cost recognised in the University's Income & Expenditure Account will be equal to the contributions payable to the scheme.

The valuation at 31 March 1996 revealed a balance of liability of £230m for the scheme as a whole. The University's current contribution of 12.5% of salaries includes a supplementary contribution of 0.75% established to eliminate this balance over a period of 40 years commencing 1 April 2002 on the basis of actuarial assumptions made.

A full actuarial valuation of the **LGPS** was carried out as at 31 March 2002, and updated to 31 July 2003 and 31 July 2004 by qualified independent actuaries.

The principal assumptions used by the actuaries were as follows:-

	July	July	July	July
	2005	2004	2003	2002
	%	%	%	%
Rate of increase in salaries	4.3	4.4	4.1	3.9
Rate of increase in pensions	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.4
Discount Rate	5.0	5.8	5.5	6.0
Inflation Rate	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.4

### 7 Pensions Schemes (contd)

	July 20	005	July 2004		July 2003		July 2002	
	Long- term rate of return %	Value £000	Long- term rate of return %	Value £000	Long- term rate of return %	Value £000	Long- term rate of return %	Value £000
Equities Bonds Property Cash	7.3 4.7 5.4 4.5	45,05 3,506 5,510 1,549	7.9 5.4 6.7 4.5	30,818 3,121 3,899 5,424	8.0 5.0 6.0 3.5	29,766 2,668 3,507 1,217	8.0 5.0 6.0 4.0	22,770 2,483 2,630 395
Total market value		55,6		43,262		37,158		28,278
Present value of scheme liabilities		73,181		57,108		51,734		36,883
Deficit Related deferred tax liability		(17,562)		(13,846)		(14,576) -		(8,605)
Net pension deficit		(17,562)		(13,846)		(14,576)		(8,605)

If FRS17 had been adopted in the financial statements, the Group's net assets and Income & Expenditure Reserve would have been as follows:-

2005 £000	2004 £000
46,582	41,242
(17,561)	(13,846)
29,021	27,396
22,796	18,367
(17,561)	(13,846)
5,235	4,521
	<b>£000</b> 46,582 (17,561) <b>29,021</b> 22,796 (17,561)

### 7 Pensions Schemes (contd)

Had the Group adopted FRS17 early, the Income & Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 July would have been adjusted as follows:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts charged against operating surplus	2000	2000
Current service cost Past service cost Curtailment and settlements	2,655 17 -	2,217 372 -
Total amount charged against operating surplus	2,672	2,589
Amounts included as other finance costs	2005 £000	2004 £000
Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension liabilities	3,204 (3,386)	2,832 (2,916)
Net financial return	(182)	(84) ———
Amounts recognized in the statement of total recognized gains and losses	2005 £000	2004 £000
Actual return less expected return on assets Experience gains and losses on liabilities Impact of changes in assumptions relating to the present value of	6,411 (129)	1,019 (4)
scheme liabilities	(9,988)	(78)
Actuarial Gain/(Loss)	(3,706)	937

7	Pension Schemes (contd)  Movement in the deficit during the year			2005 £000	2004 £000
	Deficit in scheme at 1 August Current service cost Contributions Contributions in respect of unfunded benefits Past service costs Curtailment and settlements	(13 (2 2	(14,576) (2,217) 2,306 160 (372)		
	Net financial return Actuarial loss	(182) (3,706)		(84) 937	
	Deficit in scheme at 31 July		(17	,562)	(13,846)
	History of experience gains and losses	2005 £000	2004 £000	2003 £000	2002 £000
	Difference between actual and expected return on scheme assets % of scheme assets	6,411 11.5%	1,019 2.4%	1,376 3.7%	(7,484) (26.5%)
	Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities % of scheme liabilities	(129) (0.2%)	(4) (0.0%)	(1,314) (2.6%)	469 1.3%
	Amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses on scheme liabilities % of scheme liabilities	(3,706) (5.1%)	937 1.6%	(6,806) (13.2%)	(1,262) (3.6%)

8	Other Operating Expenditure	2005 £000	2004 £000
	Supplies and Maintenance	6,665	5,656
	Residences and Catering	3,572	3,408
	Napier University Ventures Ltd	3,045	2,271
	Property Maintenance	1,937	1,285
	Other Expenses	2,487	2,963
	Heat, Light and Power	928	840
	Rent, Rates and Insurance	749	716
	Early Retirement	1,119	1,854
	Library Books and Services	877	750
	Staff Development, Conferences and Travel	1,655	1,864
	Postages and Telephone	490	549
	Students' Association	354	337
	Recruitment Costs	282	250
	Advertising	441	320
	Transport	70	181
	Auditors' Remuneration	91	70
		24,762	23,314
	Other Operating Expenditure includes:		
	External Auditors – Audit Services	32	34
	– Other Services	1	1
	Internal Auditors - Audit Services	58	35
	Hire of Buildings - Operating Leases	2,164	2,059
	Hire of Vehicles - Operating Leases	15	15
		2,270	2,144

## 9 Analysis of 2004–05 Expenditure by Activity

		Other		Interest	
	Staff Costs £000	Operating Expenditure £000	Depreciation £000	Payable £000	Total £000
Academic Departments	28,059	4,548	370	_	32,977
Academic Services	6,784	3,841	682	-	11,307
Central Administration	7,440	3,716	187	-	11,343
Property	890	3,360	1,458	558	6,266
Research Grants and Contracts	2,486	1,207	-	-	3,693
Residences and Catering	775	3,572	17	-	4,364
Napier University Ventures Ltd	-	3,045	5	-	3,050
Other Expenditure	-	1,473	-	-	1,473
Exceptional Restructuring Costs	117	-	-	-	117
	46,551	24,762	2,719	558	74,590

10	Interest Payable	2005 £000	2004 £000
	On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans:		
	Repayable within 5 years, not by installments	558	799
		558	799

#### 11 Loss Arising from Capital Projects

The loss arising from capital projects in 2004, of £109k, represents additional net 'abnormal' costs arising as a result of the receivership of the original main contractor on the Craiglockhart Redevelopment Project, identified in 2004.

#### 12 Residences and Catering Operations

	Residences -	Catering 2005 —	Total	Residences	Catering —	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Income	2,549	1,655	4,204	2,306	1,495	3,801
Cost of Goods Sold		572	572		547	547
Gross Profit	2,549	1,083	3,632	2,306	948	3,254
Remuneration Costs	-	775	775	-	678	678
Depreciation	1	16	17	38	15	53
Other Costs	2,813	187	3,000	2,676	185	2,861
	2,814	978	3,792	2,714	878	3,592
Surplus/(Deficit)	(265)	105	(160)	(408)	70	(338)
Catering Gross Profit		65.4%			63.4%	

13	Tangible Fixed Assets - Consolidated	Assets Under Construction £000	Land and Buildings £000	Vehicles and Equipment £000	Total £000
	Cost	2000	2000	2000	2000
	At 1 August 2004	20,934	39,639	8,339	68,912
	Additions	273	1,437	2,434	4,144
	Transfer	(21,207)	21,207	-	-
	Disposals	-	(400)	(923)	(1,323)
	At 31 July 2005	<del></del>	61,883	9,850	71,733
	Depreciation				
	At 1 August 2004	-	5,932	5,365	11,297
	Depreciation for the Year	-	1,330	1,389	2,719
	Disposals	-	(90)	(923)	(1,013)
	As at 31 July 2005	<del></del>	7,172	5,831	13,003
	Net Book Value at 31 July 2005	-	54,711	4,019	58,730
	Net Book Value at 31 July 2004	20,934	33,707	2,974	57,615
	Tangible Fixed Assets - University				
	Cost				
	At 1 August 2004	-	39,746	8,269	48,015
	Additions	-	25,897	2,416	28,313
	Disposals	-	(400)	(852)	(1,252)
	As at 31 July 2005	<del></del>	65,243	9,833	75,076
	Depreciation				
	As at 1 August 2004	-	5,926	5,295	11,221
	Depreciation for the Year	-	1,397	1,386	2,783
	Disposals	-	(89)	(852)	(941)
	At 31 July 2005		7,234	5,829	13,063
	Net Book Value at 31 July 2005	<u>-</u>	58,009	4,004	62,013
	Net Book Value at 31 July 2004	-	33,820	2,974	36,794
		<del></del>			

		Consolidated £000	University £000
14	Investments		
	Balance at 1 August 2004	1,808	1,718
	Additions	626	-
	Disposals	(314)	(107)
	Appreciation of Investments	97	92
	Balance at 31 July 2005	2,217	1,703
	Represented by:		
	Index-Linked Stocks	1,671	1,671
	Equities – Listed	510	-
	Equities – Unlisted	36	32
		2,217	1,703
15	Endowment Asset Investments		<del></del>
	Balance at 1 August 2004	425	219
	Additions	21	21
	Disposals	(8)	(8)
	Appreciation of Investments	38	20
	Decrease In Cash Balances Held	(5)	(5)
	Balance at 31 July 2005	471	247
	Represented by:		
	Index-Linked Stocks	15	15
	Fixed Interest Stocks	32	32
	Equities – Listed	339	117
	Cash Balances	85	83
		471	247

16	Stocks	Consolida	solidated U		Iniversity	
		2005 £000	2004 £000	2005 £000	2004 £000	
	Stocks for Resale	29	31	29	31	
	Other Stocks	1	1	1	1	
		30	32	30	32	
				<del></del>		
17	Debtors: Amounts Due Within One Year					
	Trade Debtors Other Debtors Prepayments and Accrued Income Research Subsidiary Undertakings	3,059 7,468 1,209 791 12,527	1,732 7,695 1,168 941 - - - 11,536	2,479 467 899 791 4,165 ————————————————————————————————————	1,414 693 1,085 941 1,558 ———————————————————————————————————	
18	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year					
	Trade Creditors Taxation and Social Security Other Creditors Accruals and Deferred Income Research Loans	1,870 1,053 2,468 8,435 1,613 7,500	2,384 825 3,214 6,315 689 7,250	1,870 1,013 397 6,394 1,613	1,535 825 478 5,161 689	
		-	<u> </u>	·		

The loans creditor is a £7.5m fixed term loan to a subsidiary company, NUNIV Developments Ltd by the Clydesdale Bank plc, which will be repaid on the following dates:

£1m on 15 August 2005 £1m on 3 October 2005 £1.5m on 18 November 2005 £2.5m on 7 December 2005 £1.5m on 23 January 2006

19	Provisions for Liabilities and Charges	Consolid 2005 £000	lated 2004 £000	Unive 2005 £000	2004 £000
	Abnormal Costs				
	Balance at 1 August	-	-	2,897	2,788
	Transfer to Fixed Assets	-	-	(2,441)	-
	Transfer (to)/from Income & Expenditure Account	-	-	(456)	109
	Balance at 31 July	-		-	2,897
	Unfunded Pension Liability				
	Balance at 1 August	14,393	13,079	14,393	13,079
	Income from Investments	41	43	41	43
	Early Retirement Pensions	(786)	(773)	(786)	(773)
	Transfer from Income & Expenditure Account	1,155	2,044	1,155	2,044
		14,803	14,393	14,803	14,393
	Total Provisions for Liabilities and Charges	14,803	14,393	14,803	17,290

A valuation of the existing pension provision was carried out by Hymans Robertson, an independent firm of actuaries at 31 July 2005.

#### **Unfunded Pension Liability**

The University obtains an independent actuarial valuation, on an annual basis, of the future costs associated with staff who have been granted early retirement. This is used to establish the level of provision required for the unfunded pension liability at the year end and has been calculated on the SSAP24 basis, consistent with previous years. The main financial assumption made for valuation purposes was that the expected future pension payments were discounted at an investment return, net of expected future price inflation, of 1.5% per annum.

On the FRS 17 basis, the balance at 31 July 2005 would have been £13.581m (2004 - £13.180m).

		SHEFC £000	Other £000	Total £000
20	Deferred Capital Grants – Consolidated	2000	2000	2000
	Balance at 1 August 2004 Buildings Equipment	17,765 1,615	2,478	20,243 1,615
		19,380	2,478	21,858
	Received During the Year Buildings Equipment	943 390	341	1,284 390
		1,333	341	1,674
	Released During the Year  Buildings – Income and Expenditure Account Equipment – Income and Expenditure Account Reallocation of Deferred Capital Grants to Deferred Income on Consolidation	673 180	53 - 229	726 180 229
		853	282	1,135
	Balance at 31 July 2005 Buildings Equipment	18,035 1,825	2,537	20,572
		19,860	2,537	22,397
	Deferred Capital Grants – University			
	Balance at 1 August 2004 Buildings Equipment	17,765 1,615	2,090	19,855 1,615
		19,380	2,090	21,470
	Received During the Year Buildings Equipment	943 390	500	1,443 390
		1,333	500	1,833
	Released During the Year Buildings Equipment	673 180	53 -	726 180
		853	53	906
	Balance at 31 July 2005 Buildings Equipment	18,035 1,825	2,537 -	20,572 1,825
		19,860	2,537	22,397

			Cons	solidated £000	University £000
21	Endowment Funds – Specific				
	At 1 August 2004			425	219
	Appreciation of Endowment Asset Investments			38	20
	Income for Year			12	12
	Expenditure for Year			(4)	(4)
	At 31 July 2005			471	247
	Representing:				
	Edward Clark Bequest			188	188
	Prize Funds			5	5
	Memorial Funds			12	12
	Other Funds			266	42
				471	247
22	Revaluation Reserve	Consolida	nted	Unive	ersity
		2005 £000	2004 £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
	Balance at 1 August Appreciation of Investments	592 104	540 52	599 92	545 54
	Balance at 31 July	696 ———	592 ———	691 ———	599 ———
23	General Reserve				
	Balance at 1 August Surplus for Year Reallocation of Reserves to Deferred Income on Consolidation	18,367 4,451 (131)	14,491 3,876 -	19,867 5,513	15,031 4,836
	Balance at 31 July	22,687	18,367	25,380	19,867

#### 24 Subsidiary Undertakings

Napier University Ventures Limited, a company limited by guarantee, is not a legal subsidiary of the University. However as the University exercises a dominant influence, it is treated as a subsidiary for financial reporting and its accounts are included within these consolidated accounts. The Company's Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet are detailed below:

Profit and Loss Account	2005 £000	2004 £000
Turnover	4,062	3,367
Consultancy Expenses	(3,037)	(2,281)
Gross Profit	1,025	1,086
Administrative Expenses	13	10
Other Operating Income	163	-
Gift Aid Donation to Napier University	(1,280)	(1,165)
Interest Receivable	39	61
Loss for year	(40)	(8)
Balance Sheet		
Fixed Assets	82	69
Current Assets	2,672	3,138
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	(2,951)	(3,363)
Total Net Liabilities	(197)	(156)
Capital and Reserves:		
Revaluation Reserve	63	65
Profit and Loss account	(260)	(221)
	(197)	(156)

#### 24 Subsidiary Undertakings (contd)

Napier University Development Trust is not a legal subsidiary of the University. However, as the University exercises a dominant influence, it is treated as a subsidiary for financial reporting. The Trust's Statement of Financial Activities and Balance Sheet are detailed below:

Statement of Financial Activities	Unrestricted Funds £000	Restricted Funds £000	Endowment Funds £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
Donations and Gifts	25	1,047	-	1,072	995
Investment Income	40	9	-	49	21
Total Incoming Resources	65	1,056	-	1,121	1,016
Direct Charitable Expenditure	(7)	(638)	-	(645)	(561)
Administrative Expenses	-	-	-	-	3
Net Incoming Resources Gains/(Losses) on Investment Assets:	58	418	-	476	458
Realised Un-realised	-	6 6	- 18	6 24	(1) (31)
Net Movement in Funds	58	430	18	506	426
Fund Balances at 1 August	48	690	206	944	518
Fund Balances at 31 July	106	1,120	224	1,450	944
Balance Sheet					
Investments				732	289
Current Assets				717	655
Net Assets				1,449	944
Funds:					
Endowments				224	206
Restricted Funds				1,119	690
Unrestricted Funds				106	48
				1,449	944

As at 31 July, the following were subsidiary companies of the University, whose accounts are included within these consolidated accounts:

100% of the issued share capital of NUNIV Construction Ltd, a company engaged in construction services. 100% of the issued share capital of NUNIV Developments Ltd, a company engaged in property development.

25	Reconciliation of Consolidated Operating Surplus to Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	2005 £000	2004 £000
	Surplus Depreciation of Tangible Fixed Assets Deferred Capital Grants Released to Income Investment Income Interest Payable Gain on Sale of Tangible Fixed Assets Gain on Realisation of Investments Decrease in Stocks (Increase)/Decrease in Debtors Increase/(Decrease) in Creditors Increase in Provisions	4,451 2,719 (906) (585) 558 (1,487) (27) 2 (930) 1,863 369	3,876 1,971 (645) (991) 799 - 1 270 (1,829) 1,271
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	6,027	4,723
26	Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance		
	Income from Endowments	6	11
	Other Interest Received	565	1,004
	Interest Paid	(569)	(741)
	Net cash inflow from returns on investments and Servicing of Finance	2	274
27	Capital Expenditure and Financial Investment		
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(4,763)	(13,996)
	Payments to acquire endowment assets	(21)	(16)
	Sales of tangible fixed assets	2,138	16
	Receipts from sales of endowment assets	10	13
	Deferred capital grants received	1,674	1,580
	Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment	(962)	(12,403)

**Financing** 

29

30

#### 28 Management of Liquid Resources

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Movement in endowment assets	5	(8)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources	5	(8)
Financing		
New loans repayable in less than one year	250	4,750

4,750

250

## Analysis of Changes in Net Funds

	At 1 August 2004 £000	Cashflows £000	Other Changes £000	At 31 July 2005 £000
Cash in hand, and at bank	4,896	5,322	(200)	10,018
Debt due within one year	(7,450)	(250)	200	(7,500)
Total	(2,554)	5,072		2,518

#### 31 Capital Commitments

As at 31 July 2005 the University and its consolidated subsidiaries had commitments contracted for, amounting to £45,000.

#### 32 Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 July 2005 the University and its consolidated subsidiaries had no known contingent liabilities.

#### 33 Financial Commitments

As at 31 July 2005, the University had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Land and Buildings: Expiring within two to five years inclusive Expiring in over five years	27 2,215	25 2,061
Vehicles: Expiring in one to two years Expiring within two to five years inclusive	15 -	- 15 
	2,257	2,101

#### 34 Hardship/MSB Funds

·	MSB 2005 £000	Hardship 2005 £000	Total 2005 £000	MSB & Hardship 2004 £000
Balance at 1 August 2004	37	2	39	65
SAAS Grants Received	286	225	511	514
Transfer Between Funds	(40)	40	-	-
Interest Earned	8	5	13	11
	291	272	563	590
Disbursed to Students	(228)	(243)	(471)	(551)
Administration Costs	(4)		(4)	
Balance at 31 July 2005	59 	29 	88	39

Hardship and Mature Student Bursary Funds are available solely for students; the University acts only as paying agent. The Grants and related disbursements are therefore excluded from the Income & Expenditure Account.

#### 35 Related Party Transactions

The University has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS8, Related Party Transactions, to not disclose transactions with subsidiary companies that are eliminated on consolidation.

No other related party transactions have occurred during the period.